

Tuesday, 11 August 2026 | update

Auto Partner: buy (reiterated)

APR PW; APR.WA | Retail, Poland

Higher gross margin lifts earnings forecasts

Preliminary 2Q'26 results materially beat expectations. EBITDA rose 47% y/y to c. PLN 142m, c. 14% above our forecasts and 15% above consensus, driven mainly by a strong gross margin recovery (+2.5 p.p. y/y to 29.3%) supported by an inflationary impulse in parts prices and a higher EURPLN rate. We believe the profitability improvement will also be visible in the coming quarters. As a result, we raise our 2026 EBITDA forecast by c. 8% and net profit by 11%. We maintain our "buy" rating and raise our target price to PLN 34.00.

Preliminary Q2'26 results materially above expectations

Net profit came in at PLN 95m (+64% y/y), 19% above our expectations and 23% above consensus, growing even faster than EBITDA. The scale of the positive surprise was almost entirely driven by a significant gross margin improvement (+2.5 p.p. y/y vs our assumed +120 bps), while operating costs (+12% y/y) were broadly in line with our estimates.

July sales confirm a slight acceleration

Auto Partner reported July 2026 sales of PLN 454m (+12% y/y). Although nominal growth slowed versus June (+15% y/y), after adjusting for the difference in the number of working days, sales growth actually accelerated to +12% y/y in July from +10% y/y in June. On a YTD basis, sales growth stands at c. 11% y/y, slightly below our full-year assumption of +12% y/y. We assume that in the coming months the company will slightly accelerate its sales growth to our full-year level, also helped by the return of parts price inflation supporting revenue.

Parts price inflation supports sales growth and ROIC

Revenue growth should now be increasingly supported by parts price inflation, which marks a significant change versus the environment of prior quarters, when prices were falling. During the deflationary period, to sustain the same nominal growth rate, the company had to sell higher volumes, which put additional pressure on logistics capacity and required higher capex. The situation should now be normalizing, which should support ROIC. Over the longer term, the key driver of the multiples at which the company trades remains sales growth, so for the market to value Auto Partner at higher multiples, the pace of earnings improvement would have to accelerate.

Forecast revisions

Following the better-than-expected 2Q'26 results, we raise our 2026 EBITDA forecast by 8% and our net profit forecast by 11% to c. PLN 300m, placing our net profit estimate c. 5% above market consensus.

Valuation

Auto Partner currently trades at c. 13.2x P/E'26, implying a c. 13% discount to peers, which we consider an attractive level.

(PLN m)	2024	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Revenue	4,112.5	4,424.9	4,967.9	5,636.5	6,221.0
EBITDA	343.6	337.2	479.2	530.0	577.4
margin	8.4%	7.6%	9.6%	9.4%	9.3%
EBIT	289.3	280.3	409.3	456.4	496.2
Net profit	208.0	198.9	299.9	335.8	366.5
P/E	19.1	20.0	13.2	11.8	10.8
P/S	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6
EV/EBITDA IAS 17	14.3	15.0	10.0	8.9	8.1
EV/EBITDA	13.0	13.5	9.3	8.3	7.6
DPS (PLN)	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	1.03
Dividend yield	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	3.4%

Source: mBank, Bloomberg, E – mBank estimates

Current Price*	PLN 30.40
Target Price	PLN 34.00
MCap	PLN 4.0bn
Free Float	PLN 2.2bn
ADTV (3M)	PLN 4.8m

*Price as of 10 August 2026, 5:00 PM

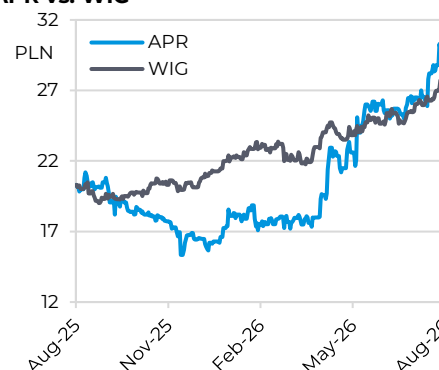
Shareholders

Turzyńska Fundacja Rodzinna	43.6%
OFE NN	10%
OFE PZU Złota Jesień	7.5%
Others	38.9%

About

Auto Partner is a leading distributor of automotive parts in Poland, operating through a branch-based model domestically and a wholesale model in exports. Auto Partner also runs a network of car repair shops under the name 'MaXserwis,' which consisted of 566 locations as of end-2025.

APR vs. WIG



Company	Target Price		Recommendation	
	New	Old	New	Old
Auto Partner	34.00	30.00	Buy	Buy

Company	Current Price*	Target Price	Upside
Auto Partner	30.40	34.00	+12%

*Price as of 10 August 2026, 5:00 PM

Forecast Revision	2026E	2027E	2028E
Revenue	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
EBITDA	7.9%	5.7%	4.5%
Net profit	11.0%	7.6%	5.7%

Analyst:

Janusz Pięta
Equity Analyst
+48 506 065 659
janusz.pieta@mbank.pl

Risk Factors

Risk of Prolonged Deflation and Price War

The spare parts distribution market had been experiencing basket deflation till Q1'26, negatively impacting reported sales in value terms and intensifying competition. Distributors aiming to grow volumes were increasingly competing on price, leading to a price war. Our 2026 forecasts assume deflation will subside, allowing companies in the sector to improve gross margins. Failure to realize this scenario would weigh on reported results and investor sentiment toward the sector.

Operational Risk, IT Systems Risk

Auto Partner's operations rely on the smooth functioning of its supply chain and warehouse infrastructure. Any disruptions in this area pose a significant risk to the company. Potential interruptions to logistics centres, due to, for example, IT system failures, could seriously disrupt the ability to fulfil deliveries to customers. This would in turn translate into deteriorating financial results and loss of confidence from some customers (particularly workshops expecting timely deliveries).

Technological Risk

Technological changes affecting the automotive sector may indirectly impact Auto Partner's business model. The growing technological complexity of modern vehicles, including electrification, advanced electronic systems, hybrid vehicles, electric drives, forces independent workshops to make continuous investments in technical expertise and equipment. Insufficient adaptation by these workshops, which are a key customer group for Auto Partner, may limit demand for spare parts from the independent distribution channel. An additional risk factor is the possibility of accelerated consolidation in the workshop market, which would increase customer concentration and intensify competition between distributors. Furthermore, a higher share of electric vehicles negatively affects market volumes, as electric vehicles are characterised by fewer serviceable parts (although these parts are more expensive, which positively impacts the pricing component of market evolution). The company partially addresses these risks through development of the MaXservis programme, under which it offers workshops training and technical support, helping them keep pace with technological changes.

Regulatory Risk

In September 2025, the EU Data Act regulation came into force. This regulation aims to increase vehicle users' control over data generated by their cars and establish rules for third-party access to this data.

The Data Act risk for Auto Partner stems from uncertainty regarding the practical implementation of the regulation and further legal interpretations, which may limit effective access to vehicle data by independent workshops, thereby favouring the ASO segment. Although the Data Act formally provides for users' rights to share data with independent workshops, car manufacturers may use various technical and legal safeguards such as intellectual property protection or security requirements, which in practice will make it difficult or delay full sharing of critical data necessary for repairs. There is also a risk that the process of implementing regulations designed to clarify data access rules will be delayed or unfavourable for independent workshops. Moreover, lack of uniform standards between manufacturers' systems may cause market fragmentation. For independent workshops and, consequently, for Auto Partner, this may mean increased

operational challenges and potential limitation of the spare parts market for independent entities. Rising costs of service and limitations in data access may affect aftermarket dynamics.

FX Risk

Auto Partner settles more than half of its goods purchases and operating expenses in foreign currencies (the three main currencies aside from PLN are EUR, USD) according to 2025 data. At the same time, the company generates about a half of its sales in foreign currencies (mainly EUR, CZK, HUF, RON). A sudden and sharp appreciation in PLN against EUR could have a temporary negative impact on gross margins.

Trade War Risk

A significant portion of the Auto Partner's private label inventory comes from Asian markets (during investor days in 2024, the company indicated that approximately 90% of private label products are imported from China), making the company vulnerable to changes in the regulatory environment related to the international trade. Potential tariff increases and changes in import procedures may translate into higher costs of goods procurement and limited availability, which could consequently negatively impact the company's margins and financial results.

Competition Risk

There is a risk of foreign wholesale distributors entering the Polish market due to expected attractive market dynamics compared to Western European markets. International competitors, having greater scale and capital, could offer more favourable purchasing terms. Such a scenario would increase pricing pressure and limit Auto Partner's further growth potential. Interest in the Polish market from international players is evident. In 2018, MEKO entered the Polish market through acquisition of Inter Team, and in 2024 it increased its market share by buying Elit Polska from LKQ, MEKO's largest shareholder.

Risk of Changes to Supplier Bonus Policy

A factor positively affecting Auto Partner's profitability are premiums and bonuses received from suppliers depending on order size. Changes to this policy in the form of reduced bonus levels would have a clearly negative impact on results and could force correction of pricing policy towards customers and consequently limit demand. The company mitigates this risk through diversification of its supplier base (over 350 contractors) and active participation in marketing actions co-financed by manufacturers, which helps maintain negotiating advantage.

Climate Risk

Extreme weather events may disrupt operations at selected branches. In 2024, Auto Partner's branch in the town of Kłodzko was affected by a massive flood that struck part of south-western Poland. Auto Partner takes measures to mitigate risk by taking out insurance covering natural disasters, which can help to minimise the potential financial consequences of incidental events.

Infrastructure Risk

Auto Partner's operations rely on a key warehouse in Bieruń, which serves as the Group's main logistics centre. Operation of this location involves a risk of losing the right to use the property, as the company is not its owner but rents the warehouse. Potential disruptions in access to the facility could generate additional relocation costs. In 2024, however, a new lease agreement was concluded with the existing owner for another 10 years, i.e. until 30 May 2034, which significantly reduces a short-term operational risk associated with loss of this location. Furthermore, there is concentration of inventory at the Bieruń warehouse, which in case of random events, such as a fire, could negatively impact the company's operations in the short term.

Vertical Integration Risk in Spare Parts Distribution

A market risk for the company is the possibility of distribution networks being taken over by parts manufacturers. In such a case, suppliers could limit access to their offerings to competing wholesalers, favouring their own sales channels. This type of change in market model would translate to a risk of gradual loss of access to parts of the assortment for Auto Partner, which on one hand would limit revenues, and on the other could force increased expenditure on developing private labels and obtaining alternative supply sources. To mitigate these risks, the company builds a broad supplier base (over 350 contractors), which reduces dependence on individual manufacturers. Furthermore, participation in the GlobalOne Automotive purchasing group gives the company access to a wide range of parts and strengthens its negotiating position.

Risk of Competitive Activity by an Entity Operating a Branch

There is a risk that after termination of agency agreement with an entity operating one of the branches, it may undertake

competitive activity in relation to Auto Partner. This may cause customer outflow to the new entity, significantly negatively affecting the company's results.

Risk of Economic Slowdown

Potential economic growth slowdown may negatively impact demand dynamics for spare parts. In a situation of deteriorating economic conditions, consumers and businesses may limit expenditure on vehicle repairs and upgrades, which will translate into lower sales and pressure on the company's margins.

Valuation

Using DCF analysis and relative valuation, we set our 12-month per-share price target for Auto Partner at PLN 34.00.

Valuation Summary

(PLN)	Weight	Valuation
relative valuation	50%	29.73
DCF Analysis	50%	32.58
	Price	31.16
	12M Target Price	34.00

Source: mBank

Multiples Comparison

We compared Auto Partner's valuation to the valuations of global and domestic aftermarket companies. The comparison uses P/E and EV/EBITDA multiples. EV/EBITDA is calculated according to IAS 17.

Multiples Comparison

	EV/EBITDA			P/E		
	2026E	2027E	2028E	2026E	2027E	2028E
O'REILLY AUTOMOTIVE INC	19.0	18.1	16.7	28.2	25.3	22.8
AUTOZONE INC	13.3	12.1	11.5	20.3	17.5	15.8
GENUINE PARTS CO	10.5	9.9	9.1	17.4	16.2	14.9
LKQ CORP	6.9	6.0	5.8	9.1	8.0	7.4
ADVANCE AUTO PARTS INC	6.0	5.0	4.4	18.9	14.0	11.5
MEKO AB	4.6	3.9	5.0	9.5	6.9	5.8
CARPARTS.COM INC	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPONEO.PL SA	7.9	7.7	7.2	11.7	10.8	9.9
INTER CARS SA	9.8	8.4	7.2	13.2	10.9	9.6
maximum	19.0	18.1	16.7	28.2	25.3	22.8
minimum	4.6	3.9	4.4	9.1	6.9	5.8
median	8.9	8.0	7.2	15.3	12.5	10.7
APR	10.0	8.9	8.1	13.2	11.8	10.8
premium / discount	13.2%	10.3%	12.2%	-13.4%	-5.1%	1.5%

Implied valuation of Auto Partner						
Implied valuation of Auto Partner	26.7	27.5	27.1	35.1	32.0	30.0
Multiple weight		50%			50%	
Year weight	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%
Equity value per share (PLN)	29.7					

Source: mBank, Bloomberg

DCF Valuation

DCF model assumptions:

- The DCF valuation is based on free cash flow projection for the 2026–2035 period.
- Cash flow is discounted at the end of August 2026. Equity value calculations factor in net debt as of the end of 2025, excluding leases (PLN 254m).
- In the terminal period, depreciation excluding leases according to IFRS 16 is equal to CAPEX.
- Risk-free rate in the terminal period = 4.5%, beta=1.0x.
- We assume an FCF growth rate of 2.5% after 2035.
- We include an equity risk premium of 5.25%.

DCF Model

(PLN m)	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E	2031E	2032E	2033E	2034E	2035E	+
Revenue	4,967.9	5,636.5	6,221.0	6,844.1	7,432.8	8,029.0	8,630.9	9,237.1	9,846.1	10,349.1	
change	12.3%	13.5%	10.4%	10.0%	8.6%	8.0%	7.5%	7.0%	6.6%	5.1%	
EBITDA (IAS 17)	409.1	455.7	496.6	547.7	588.4	629.0	677.4	726.1	775.1	815.6	
EBITDA margin	8.2%	8.1%	8.0%	8.0%	7.9%	7.8%	7.8%	7.9%	7.9%	7.9%	
D&A expenses (IAS 17)	22.1	22.3	24.6	27.1	29.4	31.7	34.1	36.5	38.9	40.9	
EBIT (IAS 17)	387.0	433.4	472.0	520.6	559.1	597.3	643.2	689.6	736.1	774.7	
Tax on EBIT	77.4	86.7	94.4	104.1	111.8	119.5	128.6	137.9	147.2	154.9	
NOPLAT	309.6	346.7	377.6	416.5	447.3	477.8	514.6	551.7	588.9	619.7	
CAPEX	-52.0	-53.0	-54.1	-55.2	-56.3	-57.4	-58.6	-59.7	-60.9	-62.1	
Working capital	-137.2	-220.8	-176.7	-153.8	-149.9	-145.5	-137.9	-150.4	-146.5	-99.7	
FCF	142.5	95.1	171.4	234.6	270.4	306.7	352.2	378.0	420.4	498.8	556.2
WACC	8.9%	9.6%	10.1%	10.4%	11.1%	11.6%	11.1%	11.6%	11.7%	12.0%	
Discount factor	0.97	0.89	0.81	0.73	0.66	0.59	0.53	0.47	0.42	0.38	
PV FCF	138.5	84.3	138.0	171.0	177.5	180.3	186.4	179.2	178.3	189.0	
WACC	8.9%	9.6%	10.1%	10.4%	11.1%	11.6%	11.1%	11.6%	11.7%	12.0%	9.8%
Cost of debt	4.7%	5.4%	5.8%	6.2%	6.9%	7.4%	6.8%	7.4%	7.5%	7.7%	5.5%
Risk premium	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
Effective tax rate	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	19.6%
Net debt/EV	3.4%	1.7%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cost of equity	9.1%	9.7%	10.1%	10.4%	11.1%	11.6%	11.1%	11.6%	11.7%	12.0%	9.8%
Risk premium	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
beta	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

FCF growth after the forecast period (g)	2.5%
Terminal value	7,671.2
Present value of terminal value	2,906.3
Present value of FCF in the forecast period	1,622.5
Enterprise value	4,528.8
Net debt (IAS 17)	253.8
Dividend distributions	-19.6
Minority interest	0.0
Equity value	4,255.4
Shares outst. (millions)	130.6
Equity value per share (PLN)	32.6
12M cost of equity	9.1%
Target price (PLN)	35.5

EV/EBITDA('26E) at target price	10.3
P/E('26E) at target price	14.8
TV / EV	64.2%

Source: mBank

Sensitivity Analysis

	FCF growth in perpetuity				
	1.50%	2.00%	2.50%	3.00%	3.50%
WACC +1.0 p.p.	31.2	31.9	32.6	33.4	34.4
WACC +0.5 p.p.	32.3	33.1	34.0	35.0	36.1
WACC	33.6	34.5	35.5	36.7	38.1
WACC -0.5 p.p.	35.1	36.1	37.3	38.7	40.4
WACC -1.0 p.p.	36.7	38.0	39.4	41.1	43.2

Business Update

2026 Q2 Financial Results

Auto Partner released its 2026 Q2 preliminary results. The quarterly earnings significantly exceed both our expectations and market consensus, with EBITDA up 47% year-over-year at PLN 142m (15% above consensus). The positive surprise relative to our forecasts was driven mainly by a stronger-than-expected pace of gross margin expansion at an impressive 2.5 pp year-on-year. Costs were in line with expectations. The company attributes the margin improvement to inflationary pressure on commodity prices, the appreciation of the EUR against the PLN, and cost discipline, among others.

- **Sales** in Q2'26 amounted to PLN 1.3bn (+13% y/y), consistent with monthly sales reports.
- The quarterly **gross margin** at 29.3% implies a 2.5pp y/y expansion versus our expectation of a 120bp increase.

- **EBITDA** came in at PLN 142m (+47% y/y) – a figure 14% ahead of our expectations and 15% ahead of market consensus. The upside versus our forecast was driven mainly by gross margin outperformance. Operating expenses in Q2'26 increased ca. 12% y/y, in line with our estimates.
- **Net profit** at PLN 95m (+64% y/y) showed a 23% beat versus consensus and exceeded our forecast by 19%.
- **Inventories** in the second quarter increased by ca. 17% y/y to PLN 1.3bn.
- **Net debt** ended at ca. PLN 398m or 1.0x EBITDA.
- Auto Partner will report the **final 2026 Q2 results** on **September 17, 2026**.

2026 Q2 preliminary results vs. expectations

(PLN m)	Q1'25	Q2'25	Q3'25	Q4'25	Q1'26	Q2'26	Y/Y	Q2'26E	differ.	Cons.	differ.
Revenue	1,073.3	1,141.2	1,136.5	1,073.9	1,170.0	1,288.9	12.9%	1,289.0	0.0%	1,289.4	0.0%
Gross profit	272.6	306.2	294.0	302.3	324.9	378.1	23.5%	361.3	4.7%	-	-
Gross margin	25.4%	26.8%	25.9%	28.1%	27.8%	29.3%	+2.5 p.p.	28.0%	-	-	-
EBITDA	71.0	96.5	83.6	86.1	104.6	141.9	47.1%	124.7	13.8%	122.9	15.5%
EBITDA margin	6.6%	8.5%	7.4%	8.0%	8.9%	11.0%	+2.6 p.p.	9.7%	-	-	-
EBIT	56.5	81.8	70.8	71.2	88.1	125.1	52.9%	107.4	16.4%	106.0	18.0%
EBIT margin	5.3%	7.2%	6.2%	6.6%	7.5%	9.7%	+2.5 p.p.	8.3%	-	8.2%	-
Net profit	39.2	57.9	49.2	52.6	62.1	94.8	63.6%	79.4	19.4%	77.0	23.1%
Net debt	460	385	443	588	450	398	3.4%				
Net debt/ EBITDA	1.3x	1.1x	1.3x	1.7x	1.2x	1x	-				
Share price	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4	-				
Mcap	3,971	3,971	3,971	3,971	3,971	3,971	-				
EV	4,431	4,356	4,414	4,559	4,421	4,369	-				
EV/EBITDA LTM	12.8	12.5	12.7	13.5	11.9	10.5	-				
P/E LTM	19.2	19.1	19.2	20.0	17.9	15.4	-				

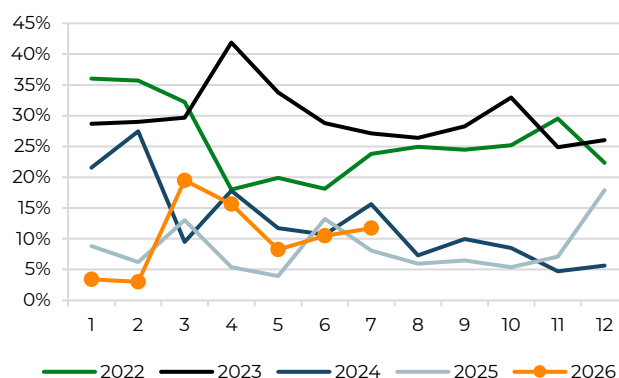
Source: Auto Partner, E – estimates by mBank, PAP consensus

Sales momentum

July sales data suggest a slight pickup in sales momentum.

Auto Partner's July 2026 revenue was 12% higher y/y, reaching PLN 454m. Although the growth rate was lower than in June (+15% y/y), after adjusting for the difference in the number of working days, July's dynamic (+12% y/y) exceeded June's (+10% y/y).

YoY % change in monthly revenue of APR (working day-adjusted)



Source: Auto Partner, mBank

2026-2028 Earnings outlook:

Change in mBank forecasts

Below is a summary of the changes to our forecasts since the previous report.

Our sales forecasts for 2026/27 remain unchanged.

Following the preliminary second-quarter 2026 results, we are raising our EBITDA margin forecast, mainly on the back of a higher gross margin.

As a result, our 2026 EBITDA forecast increases by c. 8%. This translates correspondingly into a higher 2026 net profit forecast, up by c. 11%.

The smaller revision to our 2027/28 forecasts reflects our assumption of gross margin normalization in those years.

mBank forecast revision summary (PLN m)

	2026E				2027E				2028E		
	mBank	previous	difference		mBank	previous	difference		mBank	previous	difference
revenue	4,968	4,968	0.0%	revenue	5,636	5,636	0.0%	revenue	6,221	6,160	1.0%
EBITDA	479	444	7.9%	EBITDA	530	501	5.7%	EBITDA	577	553	4.5%
EBIT	409	374	9.4%	EBIT	456	428	6.7%	EBIT	496	472	5.1%
net profit	300	270	11.0%	net profit	336	312	7.6%	net profit	366	347	5.7%

Source: mBank, Bloomberg, E - estimates

mBank forecasts vs. consensus

Below is a comparison of our earnings expectations for Auto Partner vs. Bloomberg consensus.

Our sales forecasts for 2026/28 are c. 1-2% below market expectations.

Our 2026 EBITDA forecast is c. 7% above consensus, which in our view reflects the fact that consensus has not yet been

updated following the positive margin surprise in the preliminary second-quarter 2026 results.

Our forecasts are closer to consensus for 2027/28, owing to our assumption of higher margins on lower sales.

Comparison of mBank forecasts and analyst consensus (PLN m)

	2026E				2027E				2028E		
	consensus	mBank	difference		consensus	mBank	difference		consensus	mBank	difference
revenue	4,999	4,968	-0.6%	revenue	5,722	5,636	-1.5%	revenue	6,315	6,221	-1.5%
EBITDA	448	479	7.0%	EBITDA	518	530	2.3%	EBITDA	573	577	0.8%
EBIT	389	409	5.1%	EBIT	451	456	1.2%	EBIT	502	496	-1.1%
net profit	285	300	5.3%	net profit	336	336	0.0%	net profit	379	366	-3.2%

Source: mBank, Bloomberg, E - estimates

P&L						Cash Flow					
(PLN m)	2024	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E	(PLN m)	2024	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Sales	4,112.5	4,424.9	4,967.9	5,636.5	6,221.0	Oper. CF	124.2	152.0	268.8	227.2	311.3
COGS	-2,985.3	-3,249.8	-3,546.7	-4,041.0	-4,472.5	Pre-tax profit	258.6	247.6	373.1	417.8	455.9
Gross profit	1,127.2	1,175.1	1,421.1	1,595.5	1,748.5	D&A	54.3	56.9	69.8	73.6	81.2
Margin	27.4%	26.6%	28.6%	28.3%	28.1%	Tax	-40.1	-34.4	-73.2	-82.0	-89.4
SG&A	-831.4	-889.2	-1,008.4	-1,135.3	-1,248.9	working capital	-179.6	-153.6	-137.2	-220.8	-176.7
Other	-6.6	-5.6	-3.4	-3.7	-3.4	Financing costs	29.1	33.7	36.3	38.6	40.3
						Other	1.9	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
EBITDA (IAS 17)	297.1	282.4	409.1	455.7	496.6	Investing CF	-45.4	-33.7	-50.3	-51.6	-52.8
EBITDA	343.6	337.2	479.2	530.0	577.4	CAPEX	-45.8	-37.5	-52.0	-53.0	-54.1
Margin	8.4%	7.6%	9.6%	9.4%	9.3%	Other	0.4	3.8	1.7	1.4	1.3
D&A	-54.3	-56.9	-69.8	-73.6	-81.2	Financing CF	-77.6	-105.2	-63.1	-97.0	-225.5
EBIT	289.3	280.3	409.3	456.4	496.2	Financing costs	-29.0	-32.9	-36.3	-38.6	-40.3
Margin	7.0%	6.3%	8.2%	8.1%	8.0%	Dividend	-19.6	-19.6	-19.6	-19.6	-134.3
Net financing costs	-30.6	-32.8	-36.3	-38.6	-40.3	Leases	-43.7	-44.4	-47.2	-48.8	-50.9
Pre-tax profit	258.6	247.6	373.1	417.8	455.9	Other	14.7	-8.3	40.0	10.0	0.0
Tax	-50.7	-48.6	-73.2	-82.0	-89.4	CF	1.2	13.0	155.3	78.6	33.0
Minority interests	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	OCF/EBITDA	36.1%	45.1%	56.1%	42.9%	53.9%
Net profit	208.0	198.9	299.9	335.8	366.5	FCFF	34.7	70.1	169.5	125.4	206.3
						FCFF/EV	0.8%	1.5%	3.8%	2.9%	4.7%
						FCFE	5.7	37.1	133.3	86.8	166.0
						FCFE/MCAP	0.1%	0.9%	3.4%	2.2%	4.2%
						ROIC	14.5%	12.2%	15.9%	16.1%	15.8%
						ROCE	19.6%	16.1%	20.1%	19.2%	18.6%
						Div. Payout Ratio	8.8%	9.4%	9.8%	6.5%	40.0%
						Dyild	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	3.4%
Balance Sheet						Key Ratios					
(PLN m)	2024	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E		2024	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Fixed assets	422.5	564.8	597.8	642.8	683.9	P/E	19.1	20.0	13.2	11.8	10.8
PP&E	381.3	524.6	558.1	605.7	652.5	EV/EBITDA	13.0	13.5	9.3	8.3	7.6
Intangible assets	34.9	33.5	33.5	33.5	33.5	EV/EBITDA (IAS 17)	14.3	15.0	10.0	8.9	8.1
Other	6.3	6.6	6.1	3.6	-2.1	P/S	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6
Current assets	1,603.4	1,765.8	2,094.8	2,434.1	2,695.0	P/BV	3.2	2.8	2.3	2.0	1.8
Accounts receivable	420.9	497.1	558.1	633.2	698.9	P/CF	3,336.8	304.9	25.6	50.5	120.4
Inventory	1,120.2	1,195.1	1,304.3	1,486.1	1,644.8	P/FCFE	691.7	106.9	29.8	45.8	23.9
Cash	38.6	51.6	206.9	285.5	318.5	EBITDA Y/Y chng.	-0.8%	-1.8%	42.1%	10.6%	8.9%
Other	23.8	22.0	25.5	29.3	32.9	Net margin	5.1%	4.5%	6.0%	6.0%	5.9%
Equity	1,234.3	1,413.9	1,694.2	2,010.4	2,242.6	Net profit Y/Y chng.	-7.0%	-4.3%	50.7%	12.0%	9.1%
Minority interests	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Price (PLN)	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4	30.4
Noncurrent liab.	376.4	463.3	506.9	533.7	550.9	Shares outst. (m)	130.6	130.6	130.6	130.6	130.6
Loans and borrowings	158.3	143.1	183.1	193.1	193.1	mCap	3,971	3,971	3,971	3,971	3,971
Leases	176.4	277.2	280.8	297.6	314.9	EV	4,459	4,559	4,447	4,395	4,379
Other	41.7	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0						
Current liabilities	415.2	453.4	491.5	532.8	585.3						
Loans and borrowings	155.4	162.4	162.4	162.4	162.4						
Leases	36.5	56.8	56.8	56.8	56.8						
Trade payables	145.1	145.1	178.0	214.0	261.7						
Other	78.2	89.3	94.4	99.6	104.5						
Net debt	488.0	587.8	476.1	424.3	408.6						
Net debt/EBITDA	1.4	1.7	1.0	0.8	0.7						
ND/IAS 17 EBITDA	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1						

Source: mBank

DISCLAIMER

List of abbreviations and ratios used by mBank:

EV (Enterprise Value) – Equity Value + Net Debt; **EBIT** – Earnings Before Interest and Taxes; **EBITDA** – EBIT + Depreciation & Amortisation; **Net Debt** – Borrowings + Debt Securities + Interest-Bearing Loans - Cash and Cash Equivalents; **P/E** (Price/Earnings) – Price Per Share Divided by Earnings Per Share; **P/CE** (Price to Cash Earnings) – Price Per Share Divided by Earnings + Depreciation & Amortisation; **P/B** (Price to Book Value) – Price Per Share Divided by Book Value Per Share; **P/CF** (Price to Cash Flow) – Price Divided by Cash Flow from Operations; **ROE** (Return on Equity) – Earnings Divided by Shareholders' Equity; **ROCE** (Return on Capital Employed) – EBIT x (Average Assets - Current Liabilities); **ROIC** (Return on Invested Capital) – EBIT x (1-Tax Rate) / (Average Equity + Minority Interest + Net Debt); **FCFF** (Free Cash Flow to Firm) – Cash Flow from Operations - CAPEX - Lease Payments; **FCFE** (Free Cash Flow to Equity) – Free Cash Flow to Firm - Net Interest Expense (incl. Debt + Leases); **EBITDA margin** – EBITDA/Sales; **E** – mBank estimates

Definitions:

OVERWEIGHT (OW) – a rating which indicates that we expect a stock to outperform the broad market

NEUTRAL (N) – a rating which indicates that we expect the stock to perform in line with the broad market

UNDERWEIGHT (UW) – a rating which indicates that we expect the stock to underperform the broad market

Recommendations of Biuro maklerskie mBanku:

A recommendation is valid for a period of 12 months, unless a subsequent recommendation is issued in this period. Expected returns from individual recommendations are as follows:

BUY – we expect that the rate of return from an investment will be at least 10%

HOLD – we expect that the rate of return from an investment will range from 0% to +10%

SELL – we expect that an investment will bear a loss

The foregoing principle may be waived where circumstances warrant, including but not limited to periods of increased share price volatility experienced by the company that is the subject of a recommendation immediately preceding the time the recommendation is issued.

The valuation methodology is explained in detail at the link <https://www.mdm.pl/bm/metody-wyceny>.

Strong and weak points of valuation methods used in recommendations:

DCF – acknowledged as the most methodologically correct method of valuation; it consists in discounting financial flows generated by a company; its weak point is the significant susceptibility to a change of forecast assumptions in the model.

Relative – based on a comparison of valuation multipliers of companies from a given sector; simple in construction, reflects the current state of the market better than DCF; weak points include substantial variability (fluctuations together with market indices) as well as difficulty in the selection of the group of comparable companies.

Economic profits – discounting of future economic profits; the weak point is high sensitivity to changes in the assumptions made in the valuation model.

Discounted Dividends (DDM) – discounting of future dividends; the weak point is high sensitivity to changes in the assumptions as to future dividends made in the valuation model.

NAV – valuation based on equity value, one of the most frequently used method in case of developing companies; the weak point of the method is that it does not factor in future changes in revenue/profits of a company.

PEERS – O'Reilly Automotive, Autozone, Genuine Parts, LKQ, Advance Auto Parts, Mekonomen, Carparts.Com, Oponeo.Pl, Inter Cars.

This document has been created and published by Biuro maklerskie mBanku. This report expresses the knowledge as well as opinions of the authors on day the report was prepared. The opinions and estimates contained herein constitute our best judgment at this date and time, and are subject to change without notice. This report was prepared with due care and attention, observing principles of methodological correctness and objectivity, on the basis of sources available to the public, which Biuro maklerskie mBanku considers reliable, including information published by issuers, shares of which are subject to recommendations. However, Biuro maklerskie mBanku, in no case, guarantees the accuracy and completeness of the report, in particular should sources on the basis of which the report was prepared prove to be inaccurate, incomplete or not fully consistent with the facts. mBank S.A. bears no responsibility for investment decisions taken on the basis of this report or for any damages incurred as a result of investment decisions taken on the basis of this report.

Recommendations are based on essential data from the entire history of a company being the subject of a recommendation, with particular emphasis on the period since the previous recommendation.

Recommendations are updated at least once every twelve months.

This publication constitutes investment research in the meaning of Art. 36.1 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/565.

It is possible that mBank S.A. in its brokerage activity renders, will render or in the past has rendered services for companies and other entities mentioned in this report.

mBank S.A. as part of the Exchange's Analytical Coverage Support Programme ("Programme", <https://www.gpw.pl/eacsp>) prepares analytical reports for Auto Partner S.A., Cyber-Folks S.A., Newag S.A. These documents are prepared at the request of Giełda Papierów Wartościowych w Warszawie S.A. ("WSE"), which is entitled to copyrights to these materials. mBank S.A. receives remuneration from the WSE for the preparation of the reports. All documents prepared for the Programme are available at:

https://www.mdm.pl/ui-pub/site/market_and_analysis/analysis_and_recommendations/analytical_coverage_support_programme

BM, as a separate organizational unit of the Bank, may buy or sell (or may have bought or sold in the past) the financial instruments discussed herein in the name and on behalf of clients subject to powers of attorney granted by the clients.

mTFI may hold (or may have held in the past) positions in the financial instruments discussed herein, or in related instruments, held in the investment portfolios of funds operated or managed by mTFI.

The Bank may hold (or may have held in the past) positions in the financial instruments discussed herein, or in related instruments, held in the trading portfolios or banking portfolios managed by the Bank.

The Bank and other members of the Bank's group of companies may hold (or may have held in the past) positions in the financial instruments discussed herein, or in related instruments, held in portfolios they manage.

mBank S.A. does not rule out offering brokerage services to an issuer of securities being the subject of a recommendation and receive remuneration.

mBank S.A., its shareholders and employees may hold long or short positions in the issuer's shares or other financial instruments related to the issuer's shares.

The compensation of the research analysts responsible for preparing investment research is determined independently of and without regard to the compensation of or revenue generated by any other employee of the Bank, including but not limited to any employee whose business interests may reasonably be considered to conflict with the interests of the persons to whom the investment research prepared by the Research Department of Biuro maklerskie mBanku is disseminated. With that being said, since one of the factors taken into consideration when determining the compensation of research analysts is the degree of fulfillment of annual financial targets by customer service functions, there is a risk that the adequacy of compensation offered to persons preparing investment research will be questioned by a competent oversight body.

mBank S.A. with its registered office in Warsaw at Prosta 18 renders brokerage services via a dedicated organizational unit, the Brokerage Bureau, which uses the Polish name Biuro maklerskie mBanku.

The activity of mBank S.A. is subject to the supervision of the Polish Financial Supervision Commission.

Biuro maklerskie mBanku is an entity subject to the provisions of the Act of 29 July 2005 on Trading in Financial Instruments (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 2286 – consolidated text, as amended), the Act of 29 July 2005 on Public Offering and Conditions Governing the Introduction of Financial Instruments to Organised Trading and on Public Companies (Journal of Laws of 2019, item 623 – consolidated text, as amended) and the Act of 29 July 2005 on Capital Market Supervision (Journal of Laws of 2019, item 1871 – consolidated text, as amended).

Recommendations are addressed to all Clients of Biuro maklerskie mBanku.

Biuro Maklerskie mBanku is not obligated to ensure that the financial instruments referred to in this recommendation are suitable for any given investor. The investments and services presented or included in this recommendation may not be suitable for any specific investor. Therefore, if you have any doubts regarding such investments or investment services, you are advised to consult an independent investment advisor.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation to subscribe for or purchase any financial instruments and neither this document nor anything contained herein shall form the basis of any contract or commitment whatsoever. It is being furnished to you solely for your information and may not be reproduced or redistributed to any other person. This document does not constitute investment, legal, accounting or other advice, and mBank is not liable for damages resulting from or related to the use of data provided in the documents. This document may not be copied, duplicated and/or be directly or indirectly distributed in the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan, nor transferred to citizens or residents of a state where its distribution may be legally restricted, which does not limit the possibility of publishing materials prepared for the Programme on Auto Partner S.A., Cyber-Folks S.A., Newag S.A., mBank or WSE websites. Persons who disseminate this document should be aware of the need to comply with such restrictions.

For U.S. persons only: This research report is a product of mBank SA which is the employer of the research analyst(s) who has prepared the research report. The research analyst(s) preparing the research report is/are resident outside the United States (U.S.) and are not associated persons of any U.S. regulated broker-dealer and therefore the analyst(s) is/are not subject to supervision by a U.S. broker-dealer, and is/are not required to satisfy the regulatory licensing requirements of FINRA or required to otherwise comply with U.S. rules or regulations regarding, among other things, communications with a subject company, public appearances and trading securities held by a research analyst account.

This report is intended for distribution by mBank SA only to "Major Institutional Investors" as defined by Rule 15a-6(b)(4) of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Act, 1934 (the Exchange Act) and interpretations thereof by U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in reliance on Rule 15a 6(a)(2). If the recipient of this report is not a Major Institutional Investor as specified above, then it should not act upon this report and return the same to the sender. Further, this report may not be copied, duplicated and/or transmitted onward to any U.S. person, which is not the Major Institutional Investor.

In reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Rule 15a-6 of the Exchange Act and interpretations thereof by the SEC in order to conduct certain business with Major Institutional Investors, mBank SA has entered into an agreement with a U.S. registered broker-dealer, Cabrera Capital Markets. ("Cabrera"). Transactions in securities discussed in this research report should be effected through Cabrera or another U.S. registered broker dealer.

Copying or publishing this report, in full or in part, or disseminating in any way information contained in this report requires the prior written consent of mBank S.A.

Investing in shares is connected with a number of risks including, but not limited to, the macroeconomic situation of the country, changes in legal regulations as well as changes on commodity markets. Full elimination of these risks is virtually impossible.

More information about financial instruments and the risks associated with them can be found at <https://www.mdm.pl/bm/MiFID>. Any decision to purchase any financial instruments should be made solely on the basis of the offer, or other publicly available documents and materials published in accordance with applicable Polish law.

All investment recommendations and strategies issued by mBank S.A. over the last 12 months are available at: <https://mdm.pl/bm/analizy>

mBank issued the following recommendations for Auto Partner SA in the 12 months prior to this publication:

Auto Partner (Janusz Pięta)

Rating	buy	hold	buy	buy
Rating date	2026-07-23	2026-05-05	2025-11-21	2025-09-12
Target price (PLN)	30.00	24.70	22.50	25.00
Price on rating day	25.90	22.80	16.96	19.76

Biuro Maklerskie mBanku S.A. ("BM") has put in place internal regulations governing the active management of conflicts of interest, which establish internal organizational and administrative frameworks and information barrier protocols to prevent and avoid conflicts of interest in connection with recommendations. Different types of brokerage activities are separated from each other within BM's internal organizational structure, including the equity research department, which is separated from other brokerage activities. Information barriers, called "Chinese walls," have been created to restrict the exchange of information between different organizational units and employees of BM.

Information concerning a conflict of interest arising in connection with issuing a recommendation (should such a conflict exist) is located below.

Individuals who did not participate in the preparation of recommendations, but had or could have had access to recommendations prior to their publication, are employees of Biuro maklerskie mBanku authorised to access the premises in which recommendations are prepared and/or individuals having to access to recommendations based on their corporate roles, other than the analysts mentioned as the authors of this recommendations.

The present report was not transferred to the issuer prior to its publication.

The Issuer is a client of mBank S.A.

The Issuer is a counterparty to mBank S.A.

mBank S.A. receives compensation from the Warsaw Stock Exchange for publishing equity research as part of the WSE's coverage support program.

The production of this recommendation was completed on August 10, 2026, 6:05 PM.

This recommendation was first disseminated on August 11, 2026, 8:30 AM.

mBank S.A.

Prosta 18
00-850 Warszawa
<http://www.mbank.pl/>

Research Department

Beata Szparaga-Waśniewska, CFA
director
+48 510 929 021
beata.szparaga-wasniewska@mbank.pl
biotechnology, healthcare

Mikołaj Lemańczyk, CFA
+48 501 663 511
mikolaj.lemanczyk@mbank.pl
banks, financials, property developers

Marlen Jakub Sargsyan
+48 519 419 895
marlen.sargsyan@mbank.pl
industrials, mining

Paweł Szpigiel
+48 509 603 258
pawel.szpigiel@mbank.pl
media, IT, telco, e-commerce

Piotr Poniatowski
+48 509 603 046
piotr.poniatowski@mbank.pl
gaming, leisure

Paweł Rudowski
+48 696 192 931
pawel.rudowski@mbank.pl
construction, defence

Michał Konarski
+48 515 025 640
michal.konarski@mbank.pl
banks, financials

Janusz Pięta
+48 506 065 659
janusz.pieta@mbank.pl
retail, e-commerce

Sales and Trading

Traders

Paweł Cyłkowski
deputy director
+48 503 684 130 | +48 22 697 47 31
pawel.cylkowski@mbank.pl

Patryk Gniadek
+48 505 116 638 | +48 22 697 48 82
patryk.gniadek@mbank.pl

Piotr Brożyna
+48 512 756 702 | +48 22 697 48 47
piotr.brozyna@mbank.pl

Andrzej Sychowski
+48 605 848 003 | +48 22 697 48 46
andrzej.sychowski@mbank.pl

Andrzej Kowalczyk
+48 789 868 634 | +48 22 697 47 44
andrzej.kowalczyk@mbank.pl

Łukasz Płaska
+48 784 449 962 | +48 22 697 47 90
lukasz.plaska@mbank.pl

Sales, Foreign Markets

Marzena Łempicka-Wilim
acting director
+48 696 427 249
marzena.lempicka-wilim@mbank.pl

Private Client Sales

Maciej Sokołowski
director
maciej.sokolowski@mbank.pl

Jarosław Banasiak
deputy director
jaroslaw.banasiak@mbank.pl