

Tuesday, 18 October 2022 | update

Sygnity: sell (reiterated)

SGN PW; SGN.WA | IT, Poland

Overvalued With Weak Growth Prospects

Shares in Sygnity plummeted 20% over the past month, underperforming the broad market index by 14pp, but we nevertheless maintain our bearish call on the Company after updating our models to include earnings results for the nine months ended 30 June 2022 (9M'21/22).

Sales at Sygnity have been on a consistent upward trend for several quarters, and in the third quarter of fiscal FY2021/22 (calendar Q2 2022) they showed a marked acceleration.

At the same time, there is persistent upward pressure on salaries in the tech industry as a whole, with a 10% increase or more forecast in 2022, that leads us to expect a slight profit decline at Sygnity in the coming quarters.

With all this in mind, we have cut FY2022/23 EBITDA forecast for Sygnity by 7% to PLN 42.0m, and we have revised the expected net profit 4.1% lower to PLN 25.4m. On the updated estimates, SGN stock is trading at implied EV/EBITDA and P/E ratios of 9.4x and 16.1x, respectively, showing respective premiums of 16% and 31% relative to the median peer ratios, and far outpricing the multiples of Asseco Poland and Comarch – two much better alternatives at the current levels given their size and liquidity.

After also updating our models to assume a market risk premium of 6.00% and updated risk-free rate assumptions, we lower our target price for Sygnity to PLN 13.30, implying 27% downside potential and a sell recommendation.

Good FY2022/22 Q3 Results

Sygnity delivered the first major revenue increase in a long time in the third quarter of fiscal FY2021/22; in the two previous quarters, year-on-year topline growth was constrained at 2-4%. At the same time, sales margins continued to weaken in Q3 while SG&A expenses increased, resulting in substantial contraction in quarterly profits. Sygnity is not able to grow revenues fast enough to offset rising costs.

Pay Pressures Expected to Weigh

Payroll accounts for a major part of Sygnity's operating expenses. In 2021, the average salary offered in the Polish tech industry remained on an upward trajectory despite the coronavirus pandemic, with the average salary rising in the high single digits as selected specialists received 10% more on average in pay than in 2020. Sygnity has to offer competitive salaries if it wants to attract top talent and skilled specialists for its teams.

Increasing Exposure to Government Contracts

The public sector accounted for 41% of Sygnity's revenue in H1 FY'2021/22, and it has been responsible for a large part of this year's revenue growth. Since then, the Company has added several big orders from the Ministry of Finance – a bad strategy in our view given its poor track record with government contracts in the past; we would rather see Sygnity reduce its exposure to the public sector.

(PLN m)	19/20	20/21	21/22E	22/23E	23/24E
revenue	230.0	204.1	215.5	229.2	240.4
EBITDA	53.0	61.0	39.7	42.0	43.8
EBITDA margin	23.1%	29.9%	18.4%	18.3%	18.2%
EBIT	36.9	49.2	29.1	31.1	32.8
net profit	29.2	46.6	28.5	25.4	26.5
P/E	14.0	8.8	14.4	16.1	15.5
P/CE	9.0	7.0	10.5	11.3	10.9
P/B	4.3	2.9	2.4	2.1	1.8
EV/EBITDA	8.7	7.4	10.5	9.4	8.5
DPS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DYield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

current price	PLN 18.15
target price	PLN 13.30
mCap	PLN 410m
ADTV (3M)	PLN 0.8m

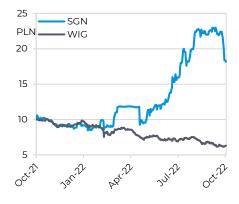
Ownership

TSS Europe B.V.	72.68%
NN PTE	10.67%
Others	16.65%

About Sygnity

Sygnity creates IT solutions and offers advisory services to customers across many different industries. The Company generates approximately PLN 215m in annual sales. Headquartered in Warsaw, Sygnity earns more than 95% its revenues in Poland.

SGN vs. WIG



name	target price			recommendation			
	new	new old		new	old		
Sygnity	13.30	13.50)	sell	sell		
name	current price		target price		upside		
Sygnity	1	8.15	13	3.30	-26.7%		
forecast revision			21/22E	22/23E	23/24E		
revenue			+1.0%	+2.3%	+2.6%		
EBITDA			-10.4%	-7.0%	-4.6%		
net profit			+16.7%	-4.1%	-2.0%		

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Key Risks

Goodwill Impairment

Sygnity recorded goodwill in the amount of PLN 157.2m as of 30 June 2022, representing more than half of the balance sheet total. A deterioration in the Company's financial standing could lead to impairment of that goodwill which in turn could lead to a violation of debt covenants.

No Dividends

Sygnity's net debt is relatively low, with the IFRS 16 ending FY2021/22 balance expected to approximate PLN 8m, equivalent to 0.2x adjusted EBITDA. At the same time, however, the Company has a relatively small asset base after several years of curbed capital expenditures.

If Sygnity increases investment and expenses on customer acquisition, this could result in negative changes in working capital, leading to curbed medium-term dividend payments despite good cash flow generation.

Supplier Risk

Sygnity serves as a local partner to global technology companies, integrating their solutions into customer systems and providing a range of services from training, to maintenance, upgrades, and extensions. If global software providers were to change the terms of their partner policies, for example by limiting the number of local partners or by bringing implementation services in different markets in house, this could have a negative effect on revenues.

Increase in Labor Costs

Payroll accounts for a major part of Sygnity's operating expenses. The average salary offered in the Polish IT industry has been on a steady rise for the last several years, rising in the high single digits in 2021 as the monthly earnings of selected specialists increased more than 10% compared to 2020.

Sygnity has to offer competitive salaries if it wants to attract top talent and skilled specialists for its teams.

Liquidated Damages

Sygnity is always at risk of claims under liquidated damagesand warranty clauses contained in its many contracts with customers and business partners. As of 30 June 2022, the Company reported having conditional off-balance-sheet obligations under performance and warranty clauses in the amount of PLN 13.2m.

Public Contracts

Sygnity competes in government tenders for IT services which are typically awarded to the lowest bidder. Meanwhile, the biggest contracts usually require the onboarding of subcontractors, which heightens the risk of default. Another risk are cost overruns on underestimated projects (Sygnity's 2013 e-Taxes contract is one example of an underrated budget).

Long-Term Contracts

The pricing and successful delivery a long-term contract hinges on many factors, some of which are beyond the control of the supplier. For example, the actual figures at the end of the contract might miss the initial revenue, cost, and profit targets, leading to provisions, adjustments and write-offs (cost overruns are the most common issue), and in the worst case to events of default.

Exchange Rate Risk

Sygnity's revenues and costs are affected by changes in the zloty's exchange rates relative to the euro and the US dollar. On the balance sheet, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies consist exclusively of trade receivables and trade payables.

Corruption Probe

In 2019, Sygnity became involved in an investigation into allegations of corruption in the award of contracts by the Polish Post Office brought against its employees, including the CEO and the Supervisory Board Chairman. The Company cooperated with the authorities and turned over all requested records and items. Since we do not have knowledge about the current status of the case, we cannot tell whether or not it might affect the Company's business in the future.

Valuation

Using DCF analysis and relative valuation, we set our ninemonth per-share price target for Sygnity at PLN 13.30.

Valuation Summary

(PLN)	weight	price
relative valuation	50%	12.34
DCF analysis	50%	11.99
	valuation	12.17
	9M target price	13.30
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Source: mBank

FY2021/22, 2022/23, and 2023/24 as corresponding to the calendar years.

We applied a 15% discount to the valuation outcome to reflect Sygnity's slower earnings growth.

Our model takes into account the NPV of a deferred tax asset arising from prior years' losses.

Multiples Comparison

We compared Sygnity with its peer group based on forward P/E and EV/EBITDA multiples, each with an equal weight in the valuation outcome.

Each of the forecast years, calendar 2022, 2023, and 2024, is assigned an equal weight. For Sygnity, we took fiscal years of

Multiples Comparison

		P/E			EV/EBITDA		
	2022E	2023E	2024E	2022E	2023E	2024E	
Sap	18.3	15.8	14.0	13.6	12.0	10.7	
Oracle	13.7	13.2	11.6	11.7	10.0	9.3	
Cap Gemini	15.6	14.0	12.5	10.0	9.2	8.3	
Sage Group	26.2	23.3	20.8	17.1	15.3	13.9	
Atos	17.2	6.2	3.4	4.7	4.3	3.6	
Software AG	15.2	12.3	10.3	9.7	8.2	7.0	
Indra Sistemas	8.2	7.6	6.9	5.2	5.0	4.7	
Computacenter	14.7	13.0	11.5	11.6	10.5	9.6	
Asseco Poland	11.6	11.4	10.9	6.1	5.9	5.7	
Comarch	11.4	12.1	10.5	4.1	5.5	6.7	
maximum	26.2	23.3	20.8	17.1	15.3	13.9	
minimum	8.2	6.2	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.4	
median	14.7	12.3	10.9	9.7	8.2	7.0	
Sygnity**	14.4	16.1	15.5	10.5	9.4	8.5	
premium / discount	-2.4%	31.0%	42.0%	8.5%	15.8%	21.5%	
Implied Valuation							
value per share (PLN)	17.92	11.89	11.88	18.02	13.87	13.54	
multiple weight		50%			50%		
year weight	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	
equity value per share (PLN)* 12.34							

Source: mBank, *after a 15% discount; ** FY2020/21, 2022/23, 2023/24, respectively

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DCF Valuation

Assumptions:

- The forecast period spans the fiscal years of FY2021/22 2030/31.
- The perpetuity risk-free rate is 4.50%.

DCF Model

- We assume FCF after the forecast period will grow at a rate of 2.0%.
- Net debt is ex IFRS 16 as of 30 September 2021.
- Perpetuity D&A expenses and CAPEX are assumed to be equal.

(PLN m)	21/22E	22/23E	23/24E	24/25E	25/26E	26/27E	27/28E	28/29E	29/30E	30/31E	+
EBIT	29.1	31.1	32.8	34.3	35.8	37.2	38.7	40.2	41.7	43.1	
EBIT margin	13.5%	13.6%	13.6%	13.6%	13.6%	13.5%	13.4%	13.4%	13.3%	13.2%	
tax on EBIT	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.4	7.6	7.9	8.2	
effective tax rate	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	
NOPLAT	23.5	25.2	26.6	27.8	29.0	30.2	31.4	32.6	33.8	34.9	
D&A	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.6	
CAPEX	-5.7	-5.8	-5.7	-5.7	-5.7	-5.7	-5.6	-5.6	-4.4	-4.6	
working capital & other	8.6	-1.3	-1.5	-1.6	-1.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	
FCF	29.5	21.4	22.7	24.0	25.2	28.3	29.8	31.2	33.7	34.9	35.6
WACC	12.3%	12.3%	12.6%	12.8%	11.4%	11.2%	11.8%	11.7%	11.8%	11.8%	
discount factor	0.98	0.87	0.77	0.68	0.61	0.55	0.49	0.44	0.40	0.35	
PV FCF	28.8	18.6	17.5	16.4	15.5	15.6	14.7	13.8	13.3	12.3	
WACC	12.3%	12.3%	12.6%	12.8%	11.4%	11.2%	11.8%	11.7%	11.8%	11.8%	10.5%
cost of debt	7.5%	7.3%	7.6%	7.8%	6.4%	6.2%	6.8%	6.7%	6.8%	6.8%	5.5%
risk-free rate	6.5%	6.3%	6.6%	6.8%	5.4%	5.2%	5.8%	5.7%	5.8%	5.8%	4.5%
risk premium	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
effective tax rate	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%
net debt / EV	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
cost of equity	12.5%	12.3%	12.6%	12.8%	11.4%	11.2%	11.8%	11.7%	11.8%	11.8%	10.5%
risk premium	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
beta	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

FCF growth after the forecast period	2.0%
Terminal value	431.0
Present value of terminal value	149.0
Present value of FCF in the forecast period	166.5
Enterprise value	315.5
Net debt (eop FY'20/21)	42.5
Other noncore assets	0.0
Minority interests	0.0
Equity value	272.9
Shares outst. (m)	22.8
Equity value per share (PLN)	11.99
9M cost of equity	9.4%
Target price	13.11
EV/EBITDA ('22) at target price	7.9
P/E('22) at target price	10.5
TV / EV	47.2%
Source: mBank	

Sensitivity Analysis

	FCF growth in perpetuity					
	-1.0%	-0.5 %	0.0%	0.5%	1.0%	
WACC +1.0 p.p.	11.03	11.32	11.65	12.01	12.42	
WACC +0.5 p.p.	11.63	11.97	12.34	12.76	13.23	
WACC	12.29	12.68	13.11	13.60	14.15	
WACC -0.5 p.p.	13.03	13.48	13.98	14.56	15.21	
WACC -1.0 p.p.	13.86	10.99	11.41	11.89	12.44	

Financial Results for Q3 FY2021/22

Sygnity missed our estimates with its financial results for the three months ended 30 June 2022 (Q3 of FY2021/22).

Revenue amounted to PLN 54.4% in the period after an 8.9% rebound from the same period a year earlier. The gross margin posted a year-over-year **decrease of 1.6pp** at 30.5%. SG&A expenses increased to PLN 10.2m from PLN 8.1m a year ago. Other operating activity provided a PLN 0.2m gain.

After all this, EBIT came in at PLN 6.5m in Q3'21/22 and **EBITDA** amounted to PLN 9.2m, a **year-over-year fall of nearly 17%**.

Financing activity was neutral to the quarterly results, and the effective tax rate was 16.9%, resulting in net profit of PLN 5.4m.

Financial Results for Q3 FY2021/22

(PLN m)	3Q'21/22	3Q'20/21	change	3Q'21/22E	differ.
revenue	54.2	49.8	8.9%	52.0	4.2%
EBITDA	9.2	11.0	-16.6%	10.1	-9.3%
margin	17.0%	22.2%	-	19.5%	-
EBIT	6.5	8.2	-21.1%	7.5	-13.4%
pre-tax profit	6.5	7.1	-8.2%	5.6	15.5%
net profit	5.4	5.6	-3.2%	4.5	18.5%

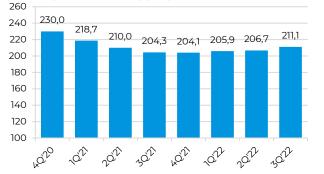
Source: Sygnity, E – mBank estimates

Sygnity delivered the **first major revenue increase in a long time** in Q3 FY2021/22; in the two previous quarters, year-on-year topline growth was constrained to 2-4%.

At the same time, sales margins continued to weaken while SG&A expenses increased, resulting in substantial contraction in quarterly profits.

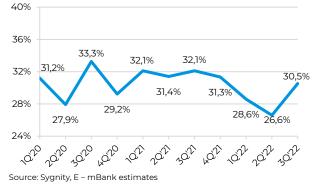
Sygnity is not able to grow revenues fast enough to offset rising costs.

Quarterly revenues of Sygnity (LTM, PLN m)



Source: Sygnity

Quarterly gross margins of Sygnity



Future Prospects

Sygnity did not disclose the current size of its order backlog at the Q3'21/22 earnings conference.

Nonetheless, we do see a pickup in revenue momentum, backed by new large contacts added in the last few months. They include:

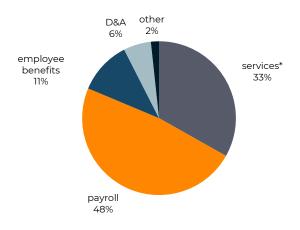
- A 24-month systems support framework agreement with the Information Technology Center of the Finance Ministry, with a maximum value of PLN 99m gross, and
- (2) Another framework with the Ministry regarding outsourcing of specialists over a period of 36 months, with a total maximum value of PLN 77.2m gross.

We have raised our revenue forecasts for Sygnity after factoring the new contracts into our models.

At the same time, to reflect the fact that the salaries of the Company's tech personnel, which account for a major portion of annual costs, are estimated to increase more than 10% a year, we assume as a baseline scenario that Sygnity's future sales margins will be narrowing.

As for EBITDA margins, they could be in the 14.5-15% range assuming a reasonable approach to SG&A expenses.

Breakdown of 1H'21/22 operating expenses of Sygnity



Source: Sygnity, *Mostly payroll

Our **EBITDA** forecasts for Sygnity for FY2021/22 and FY2022/23 have been revised downwards.

Revenue and EBITDA forecast revision

(PLN m)	Revenue '21/22E	Revenue '22/23E	EBITDA '21/22E	EBITDA '22/23E
old	213.3	224.1	44.3	45.1
new	215.5	229.2	39.7	42.0
change	+1.0%	+2.3%	-10.4%	-7.0%
Source: mBank				

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P&L

(PLN m)	19/20	20/21	21/22E	22/23E	23/24E
revenue	230.0	204.1	215.5	229.2	240.4
YoY % change	-2.0%	-11.3%	5.6%	6.4%	4.9%
COGS	160.0	139.3	153.2	163.7	172.0
gross profit	69.9	64.8	62.3	65.6	68.4
other operating income	1.3	15.5	0.9	0.0	0.0
sales and marketing costs	8.7	6.7	7.0	7.5	7.8
administrative expenses	24.7	23.9	27.0	27.0	27.8
other operating charges	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0
EBIT	36.9	49.2	29.1	31.1	32.8
margin	16.0%	24.1%	13.5%	13.6%	13.6%
D&A	16.2	11.8	10.7	10.8	11.0
EBITDA	53.0	61.0	39.7	42.0	43.8
financing activity	-7.1	3.2	-1.9	-0.5	-0.5
	-7.1	J.Z	-1.9	-0.5	-0.5
pre-tax profit	29.8	52.3	27.2	30.6	32.3
margin	13.0%	25.6%	12.6%	13.4%	13.4%
5					
tax	-2.0	-5.8	1.3	-5.2	-5.8
discontinued ops.	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
net profit	29.2	46.6	28.5	25.4	26.5

Balance Sheet

(PLN m)	19/20	20/21	21/22E	22/23E	23/24E
fixed assets	202.5	188.9	191.5	194.0	196.4
PP&E	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
intangible assets	6.2	4.2	6.9	9.4	11.8
goodwill	157.2	157.2	157.2	157.2	157.2
current assets	93.9	90.2	118.0	143.3	169.3
inventory	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
accounts receivable	31.8	39.5	32.9	36.6	40.0
cash	38.5	24.8	59.2	80.8	103.4
equity	94.3	141.6	170.1	195.5	222.0
minority interest	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
noncurrent liab.	93.2	48.8	48.8	48.8	48.8
loans	13.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
bonds	2.1	36.0	36.0	36.0	36.0
current liabilities	108.9	88.7	90.6	93.0	94.9
loans	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
bonds	6.6	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1
trade and other payables	66.7	35.3	37.3	39.7	41.6
net debt	54.0	42.5	8.1	-13.5	-36.1
net debt/EBITDA	1.0	0.7	0.2	-0.3	-0.8

Cash Flow					
(PLN m)	19/20	20/21	21/22E	22/23E	23/24E
operating CF	52.0	20.2	55.4	35.5	36.5
working capital	3.5	-24.3	8.6	-1.3	-1.5
investing CF	-1.9	-2.0	-5.7	-5.8	-5.7
CAPEX	-1.7	-0.4	-5.7	-5.8	-5.7
financing CF	-30.1	-30.8	-15.3	-8.1	-8.1
change in debt	-11.5	22.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
CF	19.9	-12.6	33.3	21.6	22.6
OCF/EBITDA	98.0%	33.1%	83.5%	86.1%	84.2%
FCFF	41.9	9.6	42.1	22.1	23.1
FCFF/EV	9.0 %	2.1%	10.1%	5.6 %	6.2%
FCFE	43.2	-25.3	49.7	29.7	30.7
FCFE/MCAP	10.5%	- 6.2 %	12.1%	7.2%	7.5%
ROIC	25.6%	29.6%	16.0%	17.3%	17.8%
ROCE growth	22.3%	26.0%	14.2%	13.4%	12.7%
DPS	0	0	0	0	C
divid. payout ratio	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Key Ratios					
	19/20	20/21	21/22E	22/23E	23/24E
P/E	14.0	8.8	14.4	16.1	15.5
P/CE	9.0	7.0	10.5	11.3	10.9
EV/EBITDA	8.7	7.4	10.5	9.4	8.5
EV/EBIT	12.6	9.2	14.4	12.7	11.4
P/S	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7
P/B	4.3	2.9	2.4	2.1	1.8
P/FCFE	9.5	-16.2	8.2	13.8	13.3
EBITDA margin	23.1 %	29.9 %	18.4%	18.3 %	18.2%
y/y % EBITDA change	41.8%	15.0%	-34.9%	5.7%	4.4%
net margin	12.7%	22.8%	13.2%	11.1%	11.0%
y/y net change	83.4%	59.4 %	- 38.9 %	-1 0.7 %	4.1%
price (PLN)	18.15	18.15	18.15	18.15	18.15
shares outst. (millions)	22.8	22.8	22.8	22.8	22.8
mCap	410	410	410	410	410
EV	464	452	418	396	374

Source: mBank

List of abbreviations and ratios used by mBank:

List of abbreviations and ratios used by mBank: EV (Enterprise Value) – Equity Value + Net Debt; EBIT – Earnings Before Interest and Taxes; EBITDA – EBIT + Depreciation & Amortisation; Net Debt – Borrowings + Debt Securities + Interest-Bearing Loans -Cash and Cash Equivalents; P/E (Price/Earnings) – Price Per Share Divided by Earnings Per Share; P/CE (Price to Cash Earnings) – Price Per Share Divided by Earnings + Depreciation & Amortisation; P/B (Price to Book Value) – Price Per Share Divided by Book Value Per Share; P/CF (Price to Cash Flow) – Price Divided by Cash Flow from Operations; ROE (Return on Equity) – Earnings Divided by Shareholders' Equity; ROCE (Return on Capital Employed) – EBIT × (Average Easter - Current Liabilities); ROIC (Return on Interest + Net Debt); FCFF (Free Cash Flow to Firm) – Cash Flow from Operations - CAPEX - Lease Payments; FCFE (Free Cash Flow to Equity) – Free Cash Flow to Firm - Net Interest Expense (incl. Debt + Leases) - Lease Payments EBITDA margin - EBITDA/Sales

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SELL - we expect that an investment will bear a loss greater than 15% Recommendations are updated at least once every nine months.

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mBank issued the following recommendations for Sygnity in the 12 months prior to this publication:

recommendation	sell	accumulate	reduce	buy	
date issued	2022-07-08	2022-05-06	2022-04-07	2022-03-04	
target price (PLN)	13.50	10.70	10.70	10.70	
price on rating day	15.80	9.40	11.80	9.18	

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